Cartersville Middle School Curriculum Map

	Unit 1: Nature of Matter	Unit 2: Transformations of Energy (6 weeks)	Unit 3: Nature of Sound and EM Radiation (6 weeks)	Unit 4: Contact Forces
Essential Standard(s)	S8P1: Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information about the structure and properties of matter.	S8P2 Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information about the law of conservation of energy to develop arguments that energy can transform from one form to another within a system.	S8P4. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information to support the claim that electromagnetic (light) waves behave differently than mechanical (sound) waves.	S8P3. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information about cause and effect relationships between force, mass, and the motion of objects.
	*Matter and Energy are conserved within a closed system (chemical energy, bonds, & atoms).	*Energy is transferred or transformed within a system (mechanical energy, kinetic energy, and potential energy).	*Mechanical and electromagnetic waves have different properties and behaviors based upon their medium.	*Force, mass, and motion of objects relate to the speed, velocity, and acceleration of moving objects.
Learning Targets for Essential Standard(s) with estimated teaching time	I can explain how matter and energy are conserved within a system.	I can analyze and interpret how energy is transferred between objects and transformed within a system.	I can differentiate between the properties and behaviors of mechanical and electromagnetic waves. I can explain properties, behaviors, and application of electromagnetic waves. I can explain properties, behaviors, and application of mechanical waves.	I can relate speed, mass and velocity to the motion of objects. determine the relationship between velocity and acceleration in that acceleration is a rate of change in velocity demonstrate the effect of balanced and unbalanced forces on an object in terms of gravity, inertia, and friction recognize that every object exerts gravitational force on every other object recognize that the forces exerted by objects depend on how much mass the objects have and how far apart they are
Supporting Elements	a. Develop and use a model to compare and contrast pure substances (elements and compounds) and	a. Analyze and interpret data to create graphical displays that illustrate the relationships of kinetic energy to mass and speed, and potential energy to mass and	a. Ask questions to develop explanations about the similarities and differences between electromagnetic and mechanical waves.	a. Analyze and interpret data to identify patterns in the relationships between speed and distance, and velocity and acceleration.

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	mixtures.	height of an object.	(Clarification statement: Include	(Clarification statement: Students
	b. Develop and use	b. Plan and carry out an investigation	transverse and longitudinal waves	should be able to analyze motion
	models to describe the	to explain the transformation	and wave parts such as	graphs, but students
	movement of particles in	between kinetic and	crest, trough, compressions, and	should not be expected to calculate
	solids, liquids, gases, and	potential energy within a system	rarefactions.)	velocity or acceleration.)
	plasma states when	(e.g., roller coasters, pendulums,	b. Construct an explanation using	b. Construct an explanation using
	thermal energy is added	rubber bands, etc.).	data to illustrate the relationship	Newton's Laws of Motion to
	or removed.	c. Construct an argument to support a	between the electromagnetic	describe the effects of balanced
	c. Plan and carry out	claim about the type of energy	spectrum and energy.	and unbalanced forces on the
	investigations to compare	transformations within a	c. Design a device to illustrate	motion of an object.
	and contrast chemical	system [e.g., lighting a match (light	practical applications of the	c. Construct an argument from
	(i.e., reactivity,	to heat), turning on a light (electrical	electromagnetic spectrum (e.g.,	evidence to support the claim that
	combustibility) and	to light)].	communication, medical, military).	the amount of force needed to
	physical (i.e., density,	d. Plan and carry out investigations	d. Develop and use a model to	accelerate an object is proportional
	melting point, boiling	on the effects of heat transfer on	compare and contrast how light	to its mass (inertia).
	point) properties of	molecular motion as it	and sound waves are reflected,	
	matter. d. Construct an	relates to the collision of atoms	refracted, absorbed, diffracted or	
	argument based on	(conduction), through space	transmitted through various	
	observational evidence to	(radiation), or in currents in a	materials.	
	support the claim that	liquid or a gas (convection).	(Clarification statement: Include	
	when a change in a		echo and how color is seen but do	
	substance occurs, it can		not cover interference	
	be classified as either		and scattering.)	
	chemical or physical.		e. Analyze and interpret data to	
	e. Develop models (e.g.,		predict patterns in the relationship	
	atomic-level models,		between density of media	
	including drawings, and		and wave behavior (i.e., speed).	
	computer		f . Develop and use a model (e.g.,	
	representations) by		simulations, graphs, illustrations)	
	analyzing patterns within		to predict and describe the	
	the periodic table that		relationships between wave	
	illustrate the structure,		properties (e.g., frequency,	
	composition, and		amplitude, and wavelength) and	
	(protons, poutrons, and		a Develop and use models to	
	(protons, neutrons, and alastrons) and simple		demonstrate the effects that langes	
	molecules		have on light (i.e., formation	
	f Construct an		an image) and their possible	
	explanation based on		technological applications	
	evidence to describe		comorogicar approations.	
	conservation of matter in			
	a chemical reaction			
	including the resulting			
	differences between			
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	products and reactants.			
Learning Targets for Supporting Standards with estimated teaching time	 a. I can compare and contrast pure substances (elements and compounds) and mixtures. b. I can explain the movement of particles in solids, liquids, gases, and plasma states when thermal energy is added or removed. c. I can carry out investigations to compare and contrast chemical and physical properties of matter. d. I can explain that when a change in a substance occurs, it can be classified as either chemical or physical. e. I can develop models by analyzing patterns within the periodic table. f. I can explain the conservation of matter in a chemical reaction including the resulting differences between products and reactants. 	 a. I can explain the relationships of kinetic energy to mass and speed, and potential energy to mass and height of an object. b. I can explain the relationship between potential and kinetic Energy. c. I can explain the 7 forms of energy, including: mechanical, chemical, electrical, sound, light, nuclear, and heat. d. I can explain conduction, convection, and radiation as it relates to the collision of atoms 	 a. I can compare and contrast mechanical and EM waves. b. I can illustrate the relationship between energy and the EM spectrum. c. I can use tools of the lab to demonstrate the behavior of EM waves. d. I can carry out investigation to demonstrate the behavior of waves in various mediums. e. I can analyze patterns of waves through various mediums. f. I can use models to predict frequency and wave speed. g. I can use lenses and mirrors to demonstrate their effect on light. 	 a. I can interpret data as it relates to speed, distance, velocity and acceleration. b. I can use Newton's 3 Laws of Motion to explain the effects of balanced and unbalanced forces. c. I can demonstrate that the force necessary to move and object is proportional to its mass.

	Unit 5: Non-Contact Forces	Unit:	Unit:	Unit:
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Essential Standard(s)	S8P5. Obtain, evaluate, and			
Standaru(S)	communicate information about			
	gravity, electricity, and			
	nagheusin as major forces acting m			
	nature.			
	*Gravity electricity and			
	magnetism can apply a force			
	without touching an object.			
Learning Targets for	I can communicate			
Essential Standard(s)	information about gravity.			
with estimated	electricity, and magnetism			
teaching time	as non-contact forces in			
	nature			
Supporting	a. Construct an argument			
Standards	using evidence to support			
	the claim that fields (i.e.,			
	magnetic fields,			
	gravitational fields, and			
	electric fields) exist			
	between objects exerting			
	forces on each other even			
	when the objects are not in			
	contact.			
	b. Plan and carry out			
	investigations to			
	demonstrate the distribution			
	of charge in conductors and			
	Distribution Distr			
	investigations to identify			
	the factors (e.g. distance)			
	between objects magnetic			
	force produced by an			
	electromagnet with varving			
	number of wire turns,			
	varying number or size of			

	dry cells, and varying size of iron core) that affect the strength of electric and magnetic forces.		
Learning Targets for Supporting Standards with estimated teaching time	 a. I can use evidence to explain that fields (i.e., magnetic fields, gravitational fields, and electric fields) exist between objects exerting forces on each other even when the objects are not in contact. b. I can demonstrate the distribution of charges in conductors and insulators of electricity. c. I can conduct investigations to identify the factors that affect the strength of electric and magnetic forces. 		